

Fontents

PREFILE	PIGE
STATEMENT OF THE AUDIT COMMITTEE FOR THE YEAR 2017	3-4
COMPANY PROFILE	5-9
COMPANY BACKGROUND	10-12
TYPE OF BUSINESS AND NATURE OF OPERATION	13-15
SUMMARY OF THE COMPANY' S FINANCIAL INFORMATION	16-18
FINANCIAL RATIO	19-21
OPERATING REVENUE	22-22
SUMMARY OF ECONOMIC STATUS AND COMPETITION IN 2017	23-26
KEY SUCCESS FACTORS	27-27
RISK FACTORS	28-33
DIVIDEND POLICY	34-34
MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS : (MD&A)	35-40
SHAREHOLDER' S STRUCTURE AND MANAGEMENT	41-41
MAJOR SHAREHOLDERS	42-42
BOARD OF DIRECTORS	43-45
FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND AUDITORS' REPORT	46-46

STATEMENT OF THE AUDIT COMMITTEE FOR THE YEAR 2017



To The Shareholders

On 31st December 2017, the Board of Chiang Mai Ram Medical Business Public Co., Ltd., designated the Audit Committee comprising 3 independent directors as follows:

1. Dr. Suthisak Kanaprach Chairman of the Audit Committee

Mr. Krirk Jittalan Audit Committee
 Miss Papat Supaokit Audit Committee

The Committee's areas of responsibilities are as follows:

- 1. To review the company's financial reporting process to ensure accuracy and adequacy;
- 2. To ensure that the company has suitable and efficient internal control system and internal audit;
- 3. To review the performance of the company to ensure compliance with the securities and exchange law, regulations of the Exchange or laws relating to business of the company;
- 4. To consider, select, nominate and recommend remuneration of the company's external auditor;
- 5. To attend the meeting and confer with the auditor without the attendance of the management.
- 6. To consider and approve the appointment, removal, transfer or termination and to consider granting gratuities to head of the Internal Audit Office.
- 7. To review the disclosure of information of the company in case that there is a connected transaction or transaction that may lead to conflict of interest so as to ensure the accurateness and completeness;
- 8. To perform any other act as assigned by the board of directors with approval of the audit committee;
- 9. To report directly to the Company's Board of Directors.
- 10. To prepare a report on monitoring activities of the audit committee and disclose it in an annual report of the company, and have such report signed by the Chairman of the Audit Committee.

During 2017, the Audit Committee held 4 meetings to independently consider matters of importance. They also attended the meeting with an auditor and internal auditor and if necessary. The concerned directors would be invited to the meeting to provide additional information or to explain matters in question as follows:

1. Review 2017 trimester and annual financial statements of the company in order to ensure that the

company's financial statements were in an accurate manner as specified in the matters of importance.

The company information was sufficiently disclosed in accordance with the generally accepted accounting

standards.

2. Review the company's disclosure of related transactions and transactions that may lead to conflict of interest

to ensure that the company adhered to the procedure of normal business conditions and regulatory

requirements specified by The Stock Exchange of Thailand.

3. Review the internal control system including the approval of the audit programme, acknowledgement of

audit result, and the compliance and rectification of the result in order to emphasize that such internal

control system was in accordance with international standard and in a substantially adequate manner

as reported to the Board of Directors.

4. Review the company's operation to ensure that it conducted its business in compliance with law and all

other legal and regulatory provisions.

5. Consider and select auditors and set their appropriate audit fee for consideration of the Board of

Directors.

In conclusion, the Audit Committee agreed with the auditors that the company's financial statements were in a

true and accurate manner and in compliance with generally accepted accounting standards and the Securities and

Exchange Act. The company's operation in 2017 was considered satisfactory.

Magger own

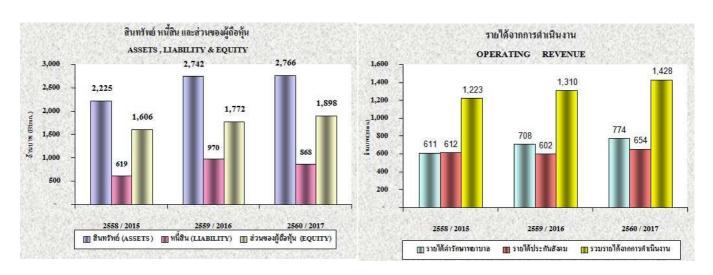
(Dr. Suthisak Kanaprach)

Chairman of the Audit Committee

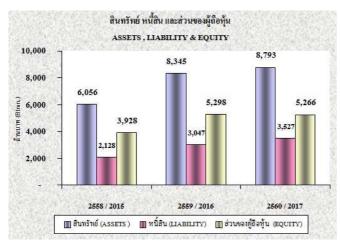
December 31, 2017

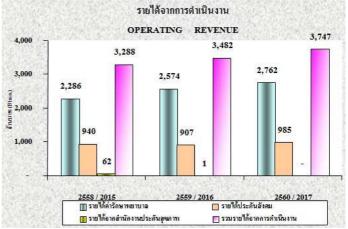
FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

SEPARATE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS



CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS





CHIANG MAI RAM MEDICAL BUSINESS PUBLIC COMPANY LIMITED

Public Company Registration No. : 0107536001621 (PLC. 236)

Head Office : No. 8 Boonruangrit Road, Tumbon Sripoom

Amphur Muang, Chiang Mai,

Thailand 50200

Tel. (66-53) 920300

Fax. (66-53) 224880

Branch Office : No. 1 Sukkasem Road, Tumbon Paton

Kwang Nakornping, Amphur Muang,

Chiang Mai, Thailand 50300

Tel. (66-53) 999777

Fax. (66-53) 999799

Home Page: www.lanna-hospital.com

Type of Business : Health Care Services; "Lanna Hospital" and "Lanna Hospital 2"

Status as at December 31, 2017 : Authorized registered capital 408,433,330.00 Baht

Paid-up capital 402,312,500.00 Baht

Number of Paid-up Ordinary Shares 4,023,125,000 Shares

Par Value Per Share 0.10 Baht

Date listed on the Stock Exchange: October 17, 1994

of Thailand

Identification : CMR

Transfer agent and registrar : Thailand Securities Depository Co., Ltd.

4, 6-7 Fl., The Stock Exchange of Thailand Building

62 Ratchadapisek Rd., Klongtoey Bangkok 10110

Tel. (02) 359-1200-01 Fax. (02) 359-1259

Auditor : 1. Mr. Pojana Asavasontichai ; Registration No. 4891

2. Miss Wannisa Ngambuathong ; Registration No.6838

3. Miss Sulalit Ardsawang ; Registration No.7517

4. Mr. Peradate Pongsathiansak ; Registration No.4752

5. Miss Thanyaporn Tangthanopajai ; Registration No.9169

6. Mr. Suwat Maneekanoksakul ; Registration No.8134

7. Miss Soraya Tintasuwan ; Registration No.8658

Dharmniti Auditing Company Limited

267/1 Pracharaj Sai 1 Road

Bangsue, Bangkok 10800

Tel. 02-587-8080 Fax. 02-586-0301

Law Consultant : None

Financial Consultant : None

Principal Banker : Thai Farmers Bank Public Co., Ltd.

Tha-Phae Branch

169 Tha-Phae Road Amphur Muang

Chiang Mai

Thai Military Bank Public Co., Ltd.

Siyak Kuang Sing-Chiang Mai Branch

275/5 Chang Phuak Road

Amphur Muang Chiang Mai

CURRICULUM VITAE BOARD OF DIRECTORS & EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE CHIANG MAI RAM MEDICAL BUSINESS PUBLIC COMPANY LIMITED

BUHRD OF DIRECTORS

	NAME		POSITION
1.	DR. RACHA	SOMBOONRANASIN	Chairman
2.	DR. VARAPHAN	UNACHAK	Director/ Executive Committee Chairman
3.	DR. DUSIT	SRISAKUL	Director/ Managing Director
4.	DR. TEERAYUT	NIYOMKUL	Director
5.	DR. SUMETH	HANDAGOON	Director
6.	DR. CHAMNAN	CHANAPAI	Director
7.	MR. SITHI	PANUPATTANAPONG	Director
8.	MR. CHAISITH	VIRIYAMETTAKUL	Director
9.	MR. RUECHID	KANJANAPITAK	Director
10.	DR. SUTHISAK	KANAPRACH	Independent Director
11.	MR. KRIRK	JITTALAN	Independent Director
12.	MISS PAPAT	SUPAOKIT	Independent Director

<u>Elecuive Committe</u>

	NAME		POSITION
1.	1. DR. VARAPHAN UNACHAK		Executive Committee Chairman
2.	DR. SUMETH	HANDAGOON	Executive Director
3.	DR. DUSIT	SRISAKUL	Executive Director
4.	DR. TEERAYUT	NIYOMKUL	Executive Director

AUDIT GOWWIII 133

	NAME		POSITION
1.	DR. SUTHISAK	KANAPRACH	Audit Committee Chairman
2.	MR. KRIRK	JITTALAN	Audit Director
3.	MISS PAPAT	SUPAOKIT	Audit Director**

Remark ** The audit committee has adequate expertise and experience to review creditability of the financial reports.

MOMINATION AND REMUNERATION COMMITTEE

	NAM	ие	POSITION
1.	DR. DUSIT	SRISAKUL	Nomination and Remuneration Committee Chairman
2.	DR. TEERAYUT	NIYOMKUL	Nomination and Remuneration Director
3.	DR. SUPACHAI	SINTRIRAT	Nomination and Remuneration Director
4.	DR. PRAMUK	UNACHAK	Nomination and Remuneration Director
5.	DR. SIRA	HANDAGOON	Nomination and Remuneration Director

COMPANY BACKGROUND

1976	A group of investors from the Faculty of Medicine, Chiang Mai University, Lawyers and Businessmen in Chiang Mai founded the "Lanna Hospital" with a registered capital of 20 million baht and operations began on 1 July.
1981	The company annexed an additional 4.5 storey wing with 65 beds the existing wing to enable the hospital to accommodate more patients. Combined with the original 60-bed wing, the hospital was now had 125 beds.
1983	The company began to extend the existing out-patients building were increased to 4 and a post-operation room was added. In addition, the operating theatre supplies and preparation room were also expanded. The extensions were completed and the building was ready for use in 1984.
1992	The hospital was expanded to a 180-bed hospital. A new 6-storey wing was constructed (including basement floor). The number of beds was increased by 42. Construction was completed in 1994 and the registered capital was increased to 40 million baht.
1993	At an extraordinary meeting of shareholders, a resolution was passed authorising the Board of Directors to alter the status of the company from a company limited to a public company. Registration was made with the Ministry of Commerce on 26 December, 1993 and the name of the company was changed to Chiang Mai Medical Services Public Co., Ltd. (LNH). - The value of shares was changed from 100 baht per share to 10 baht per share and the registered capital increased to 120 million baht.
1994	On 17 October, the company received permission to register on the Securities Exchange of Thailand.
1995	The hospital became part of the Thonburi Hospital network.
1996	On March 25, 1996 The Thonburi Hospital Public Company Limited invested in LNH and becoming a major share holder of LNH with the ownership of 6.35 million shares or 52.91% of the Company's paid up capital.
2003	 We received the ISO 9001: 2000 certification from UKAS Quality Management. Construction began on an additional 2-storey building to extend the existing Out- patients and opening the Health Check Up Centre. The building was ready for use in 2004.
2005	Renovation of the 1 st Floor of B Building to expand the existing Out-patients Service Area. The building would be ready for utilization early in 2006.
2007	• In March, Thonburi Hospital Public Company Limited sold 4.60 million shares or 38.33% of LNH's

- ownership to a group of persons V.R.&S.C. and Police Colonel Wittaya Wongpaiboon resulting in a change of major shareholder/ management structure (more details in major shareholders)
- On March 4, 2007, LNH issued 6 million new registered common shares and offered these new shares to existing shareholders at the ratio of 2 existing shares for 1 newly issued share at the price of THB 20 per share. The capital increase will be used to improve the quality of LNH's services and to finance the construction of its New-Patient Building which is currently re-plan to be the Cancer and the Geriatric Centers. The issue has been informed to the LNH's Extraordinary General Meeting of shareholders, No. 2/2007 on 2 November 2007.
- Board of Directors/ Management: During April 2007, there were changes in the BOD structure which composes of 9 members including 2 existing members from LHN's board, 3 members from CMR, 3 independent audit committees (one specializes in Accounting and Finance and appointed on 10 August 2007) and 1 member from outside. Moreover, some improvement was made to the internal operation. However, there was no significant change in management policy and every hospital still has CEO (full-time) to manage and control the daily operation to conform with the company's management policy.
- The resolution of the LNH's Extraordinary General Meeting of shareholders, No. 2/2007 on November 2, 2007 approved the issuance of new common shares of not exceeding 22,843,333 shares or 55.93% of the company's paid up capital to purchased shares, via share swap, from the all CMR's shareholders excluding Ramkhamhaeng Hospital Public Company Limited (RAM). LNH's BOD will consider the allotment of remaining shares from the swap transaction to public or specific investor or other proper arrangement.

2008

- The company registered paid-in capital with the Ministry of Commerce Thailand on February 25, 2008 which would be traded on Stock Exchange since March 4, 2008.
- Regarding to a meeting of shareholders, the company's name had been changed to "Borisat
 Chiang Mai Ram Turakit Karnpad Chamkad (Mahachon)" in Thai and the name in Roman
 alphabets is "Chiang Mai Ram Medical Business Public Company Limited" as already registered
 on June 23, 2008.

On October 26, 2011 CMR has received a copy of the Tender Offer from the Vibhavadi Medical Center Public Company Limited. Tender offer Period 25 business days starting from October 31, 2011 to December 2, 2011. The amount of securities held by VIBHA after the tender offer is 33,694,722 Ordinary Shares or 83.75% of total issued and paid-up shares of the Company.

2012	During June - September 2012, CMR has investment in common share of Hariphunchai Memorial
	Hospital Company Limited, by purchase from current shareholder, in the amount 16,010,000 shares or
	80.05% of total shares.
2015	The hospital was expanded to a 225-bed hospital. A new 5-storey wing was constructed, the number of
	beds was increased by 30. The extensions were completed and the building was ready for use in 2015.
2016	To the change of par value of the Company's ordinary shares from THB 10.00 to THB 0.10 per share,
	and registered with the Ministry of Commerce Thailand on February 25, 2016.

Type of Business and Nature of Operation

LNH was established in 1974 by the jointed investment between groups of medical school professors (Chiang Mai University), attorneys, and businesspeople in Chiang Mai Province to operate medical care center under the name "Lanna Hospital". On December 23, 1993 the resolution of the General Meeting of shareholders approved the transformation of LNH to be publicly owned company and LNH was finally listed in the Stock Exchange of Thailand under Health Care Services Sector on October 17, 1994.

During 1995-1996, Thonburi Hospital Plc. Invested in LNH and becoming a major share holder of LNH with the ownership of 52.91%. In March 2007, Thonburi Hospital however sold 38.33% of LNH's ownership to a group of persons V.R & S.C. and Police Colonel Wittaya Wongpaiboon resulting in a change of major shareholder / management structure as follow:

	MAJOR SHAREHOLDERS	NUMBER OF	%
		SHARES	
	V. R & S. C. Group ⁽¹⁾	4,349,876	24.17
2.	Pol. Col. Wittaya Wongpaiboon	4,299,923	23.89
3.	Thonburi Hospital Public Company Limited	2,588,610	14.38
4.	Others	6,761,591	37.20
	TOTAL	18,000,000	100.00

Remark: (1) Directly hold by Dr. Wiroj Onganunkun and Dr. Supachai Chotibutr

The resolution of the CMR's Extraordinary General Meeting of shareholders, No 2/2007 on November 2, 2007 approved the issuance of new common shares of not exceeding 22,843,333 shares or 55.93% of the Company's paid up capital to purchase shares, via share swap, from the all Chiangmai Ram Hospital Company Limited 's shareholders excluding Ramkhamhaeng Hospital Public Company Limited (RAM).

In the first quarter, 2012, the Company had additional invested in Chiang Mai Ram Hospital Co., Ltd. by acquisition from pre-acquisition shareholder of that subsidiary company of 2,000 shares at prices of Baht 29 which determined by management, totalling Baht 58,000.00. The results of additional investment, the Company has shareholding portion in its subsidiary of 56.25%.

Later, during 2015, the Company had additional invested Chiang Mai Ram Hospital Co., Ltd. by acquisition from pre-acquisition shareholder of that subsidiary company. The results of additional investment, as at December 31, 2015, the Company has shareholding portion in its subsidiary of 56.37%.

Type of Business and Nature of Operation

On October 26, 2011 CMR has received a copy of the Tender Offer from the Vibhavadi Medical Center Public Company Limited. Tender offer Period 25 business days starting from October 31, 2011 to December 2, 2011. The amount of securities held by VIBHA after the tender offer is 33,694,722 Ordinary Shares or 83.75% of total issued and paid-up shares of the Company.

During April 26, 2012 to June 30, 2012, the Company invested in Hariphunchai Memorial Hospital Co., Ltd. totalling 200,000 shares at Baht 10 per share and 13,523,250 shares at Baht 14.50 per share with the total amounted to Baht 198.09 million and has percentage of holding portion in Hariphunchai Memorial Hospital Co., Ltd. 68.62% of issued and paid-up shareholding.

At the Company's board of director meeting No. 4/2013 held on July 9, 2013, the meeting approve to acquire the ordinary shares increase of its subsidiary of Hariphunchai Memorial Hospital Co., Ltd. The subsidiary has appropriation the increase of share capital at the ratio of 2 original ordinary shares to 1 ordinary share increase at Baht 20 per share. The Company has acquired the 10 million of shares capital increase amounting to Baht 200 million and the Company has fully paid up the shares on December 17, 2013. Then the Company has changed the shareholding from 80.05% to 86.70%

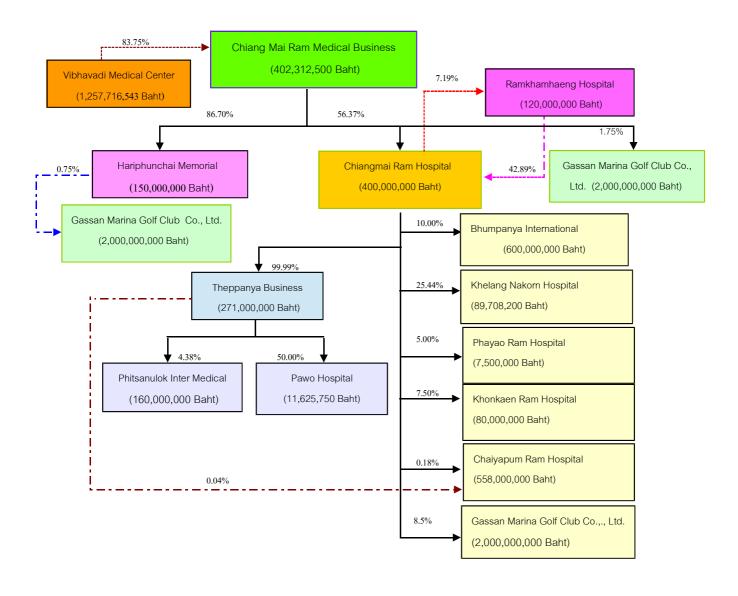
At the Extraordinary General Meeting of Shareholders No. 1/2013 held on December 16, 2013 of subsidiary, Hariphunchai Memorial Hospital Co., Ltd., it has resolved to reduce the Company's share capital from Baht 300 million to Baht 150 million, which has been reduced from Baht 10 per share to Baht 5 per share. The capital reduction of Baht 150 million has been divided into 30 million ordinary shares at Baht 5.00 per share without returning capital to shareholders but such amount will be used to offset the Company's retained earnings. The subsidiary has registered of the capital reduction with the Ministry of Commerce on December 26, 2013.

Investments in companies

	Name	Address	Type of	Number of Paid-up	Number of	% Share
			Business	Ordinary Shares	shares	holding
1.	Chiangmai Ram	8 Boonruangrit Road,	Health Care	40,000,000 Shares	22,546,250	56.37%
	Hospital Company	Tumbon Sripoom,	Services	Par value Bt. 10.00		
	Limited	Amphur Muang,		per share		
		Chiang Mai				
		Tel. 053-920300				
2.	Hariphunchai	109-111 M. 4	Health Care	30,000,000 Shares	26,010,000	86.70%
	Memorial Hospital	Lumphun-Banthi Rd.	Services	Par value Bt. 5.00		
	Company Limited	T. Banklang, Muang		per share		
		Lumphun				

Type of Business and Nature of Operation

The Chart of Investments in companies



SUMMARY OF THE COMPANY FINANCIAL INFORMATION

1. THE COMPANY'S FINANCIAL POSITION DURING 2015-2017

SEPARATE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Thousand Baht

	2017	%	2016	%	2015	%
Current Assets	386,423	13.97	367,898	13.42	247,275	11.11
Total Assets	2,765,808	100.00	2,742,143	100.00	2,224,827	100.00
Current Liabilities	644,615	23.31	634,167	23.13	491,027	22.07
Total Liabilities	868,156	31.39	969,866	35.37	619,299	27.84
Total Shareholders' Equity	1,897,652	68.61	1,772,277	64.63	1,605,528	72.16
Number of Share Capital	4,023,125,000		4,023,125,000		4,023,125,000	
Book Value per Share	0.47		0.44		0.40	
Par Value per Share	0.10		0.10		0.10	

In 2017, the company had total assets increased from the year 2016, amounting to Baht 24 million due to cash and cash equivalents increased Baht 39 million trade receivables increased by 22 million baht funds to short-term loans to related parties decreased 40 million baht, total liabilities of the Company in the year 2017 to the year 2016 increase of 101 million baht due to overdrafts and short-term loans from financial institutions increase. Increases to 30 million baht Long-term loans from financial institutions decreased by Baht 136 million in respect of the shareholders of the year 2017, and increase of 125 million baht.

CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Thousand Baht

	2017	%	2016	%	2015	%
Current Assets	1,007,239	11.45	816,592	9.79	997,930	16.48
Total Assets	8,793,358	100.00	8,344,817	100.00	6,055,956	100.00
Current Liabilities	1,868,071	21.24	1,794,257	21.50	1,448,862	24.00
Total Liabilities	3,527,467	40.12	3,046,752	36.51	2,128,373	35.14
Equity attributable to owners of the parent	3,577,969	40.69	3,526,554	42.26	2,729,222	45.07
Non-controlling interests	1,687,922	19.20	1,771,511	21.23	1,198,361	19.79
Number of Share Capital	4,023,125,000		4,023,125,000		4,023,125,000	
Book Value per Share	0.89		0.88		0.68	
Par Value per Share	0.10		0.10		0.10	

SUMMARY OF THE COMPANY FINANCIAL INFORMATION

In 2017 the company's total assets increased from 2016 amounting to Baht 449 million due to cash and cash equivalents increased 160 million baht. The property, plant and equipment increased by 745 million baht. Available-for-sale investments decreased by 488 million baht. Total liabilities increased by 481 million baht due to the increasing in long-term loans from financial institutions amounting to Baht 536 million, short-term loans from third and related parties increased. The amount of 88 million baht and a decrease in deferred tax assets figure of 93 million baht. Shareholders' equity decreased by 32 million baht.

2. THE RESULTS OF THE COMPANY'S OPERATIONS DURING 2015-2017

SEPARATE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

	2017	%	2016	%	2015	%
Revenues						
Revenue from medical treatment	1,428,561	94.28	1,310,300	90.54	1,222,891	93.93
Dividend Income	75,442	4.98	7,803	0.54	74,141	5.69
Other Income	11,184	0.74	129,105	8.92	4,928	0.38
Total Revenues treatment	1,515,187	100.00	1,447,208	100.00	1,301,960	100.00
Expenses						
Cost of Medical	934,236	61.66	840,564	58.08	699,656	53.74
Administrative Expenses	189,987	12.54	175,575	12.13	163,414	12.55
Finance costs	26,922	1.78	21,318	1.47	18,936	1.45
Income Tax Expenses	54,591	3.60	77,901	5.39	71,003	5.46
Total Expenses	1,205,736	79.58	1,115,358	77.07	953,009	73.20
Profit for the year	309,451	20.42	331,850	22.93	348,951	26.80
Other comprehensive income						
Actuarial gain (loss) on define employee benefit plans	1,234	0.08	2,826	0.20	-	-
Income tax relating to not to be reclassified	(247)	(0.02)	(565)	(0.04)	-	-
Other comprehensive income for the year,	987	0.07	2,261	0.16	-	-
net of income tax						
Total comprehensive income for the year	310,438	20.49	334,111	23.09	-	-
Basic earnings (loss) per share (Baht)	0.08		0.08		0.09	

In 2017 the company has the net profit amounting to Baht 309.45 million compare to the year 2016 with a net profit of 331.85 million baht will be seen that the company's net profit decreased by 22.40 million baht or 6.75% over the same period last year. 2016 earnings from the sale of fixed assets of 121.99 million baht, and increase of 90.38 million baht in costs, while revenues increased by 67.98 million baht.

SUMMARY OF THE COMPANY FINANCIAL INFORMATION

CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Thousand Baht	2017	%	2016	%	2015	%
Revenue from medical treatment	3,747,637	98.05	3,482,323	98.45	3,287,774	97.87
Dividend Income	21,117	0.55	18,507	0.52	15,413	0.46
Other Income	46,620	1.22	37,119	1.05	42,774	1.27
Share of Profit of Associates	6,932	0.18	(641)	(0.02)	13,214	0.39
Total revenue	3,822,306	100.00	3,537,308	100.00	3,359,175	100.00
Cost of medical treatment	2,554,963	66.84	2,337,068	66.07	2,127,055	63.32
Administrative Expenses	489,208	12.80	476,162	13.46	398,754	11.87
Finance costs	87,351	2.29	56,676	1.57	48,382	1.44
Income Tax Expenses	123,003	3.22	151,222	4.28	154,874	4.61
Total Expenses	3,254,525	85.15	3,020,128	85.38	2,729,065	81.24
Profit for the year	567,781	14.85	517,180	14.62	630,110	18.76
Items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss						
Actuarial gain (loss) on define employee benefit plans	3,151	0.08	11,561	0.33	(1,652)	(0.05)
Actuarial loss on define employee benefit plans	(20)	(0.00)	-	-	-	-
Income tax relating to not to be reclassified	630	0.02	(2,312)	(0.07)	330	0.01
Items that may be reclassified subsequently to profit or	loss					
Unrealized gain on valuation of available-for-sale securities	(448,490)	(11.73)	1,265,766	35.78	93,204	2.77
Income tax relating to may be reclassified	89,698	2.32	(253,153)	(7.16)	(18,640)	(0.55)
Other comprehensive income for the year,	(361,333)	(9.45)	1,021,862	28.89	73,242	2.18
net of income tax						
Total comprehensive income for the year	206,448	5.40	1,539,042	43.51	703,352	20.94
Profit attributable to						
Owners of the parent	440,484	11.52	387,685	10.96	500,791	14.91
Non-controlling interests	127,297	3.33	129,495	3.66	129,319	3.85
Total comprehensive income attributable to						
Owners of the parent	236,478	6.19	964,695	27.27	541,676	16.13
Non-controlling interests	(30,030)	(0.79)	574,347	16.24	161,675	4.81

In 2017 the operation of the company and subsidiary companies have the net profit in the amounting of Baht 567.78 million compared to the year 2016 net profit of 517.18 million baht will be seen that the company's net profit increased by 50.60 million baht due to the revenue increase of 285 million baht, while total expenses increased by 234.40 million baht, but profits total comprehensive income for the year 2017 decreased by 1,332.59 million baht compared to 2016 due to the profit gain, The unrealized gain on valuation of available for sale securities decreased by 1,714.26 million baht.

FINANCIAL RATIO

MANUFACTURING AND SERVICE

Type o	2017	2016	2015						
LIQUIDITY RATIO									
Current Ratio	Current Assets / Current Liabilities	0.60 time	0.58 time	0.50 time					
Acid-Test Ratio	(Current Assets - Inventory) / Current Liabilities	0.51 time	0.44 time	0.49 time					
Cash-Flow Coverage Ratio	Cash from operating / Current Liabilities (Average)	0.48 time	0.46 time	0.77 time					
Receivable Turnover	Sales / Account Receivable (Average)	6.41 time	6.64 time	6.52 time					
Number of day's Sales in Receivables	365 / Receivable Turnover	57 days	55 days	56 days					
Inventory Turnover	Sales / Inventory (Average)	45.16 time	43.26 time	36.59 time					
Number of day's Sales in Inventory	365 / Inventory Turnover	8 days	8 days	10 days					
Account Payable Turnover	Purchases or Cost of Sales / Account Payable (Average)	14.66 time	14.49 time	13.81 time					
Number of day's Payment	365 / Account Payable Turnover	25 days	25 days	26 days					
Cash Cycle	Number of day's Sales in Receivable + Number of day's Sales in Inventory - Number of day's Payment	40 days	38 days	39 days					
PROFITABILITY RATIO									
Gross Profit Ratio	Profit before tax / Sales	34.60%	35.85%	42.79%					
Net Profit Ratio	Net Profit / Total Revenue	20.42%	22.93%	26.80%					
Rate of Return on Common Stock Equity	Net Profit / Equity	16.86%	19.65%	23.21%					
EFFICIENCY RATIO									
Rate of Return on Assets	Net Profit / Total Assets (Average)	11.24%	13.36%	16.02%					
Rate of Return on Fixed Asset	Net Profit + Depreciation / Fixed Asset (Average)	34.13%	43.50%	59.36%					
Assets Turnover	Total Revenue / Total Assets (Average)	0.55 time	0.58 time	0.60 time					
FINANCIAL POLICY RATIO									
Debt to Stockholders Equity	Total Liabilities / Equity	0.46 time	0.55 time	0.39 time					
Times Interest Earned	Profit before Interest and Tax / Interest Expense	13.36 time	16.27 time	24.25 time					

FINANCIAL RATIO

SEPARATE FINANCIAL RATIO				
Type	Type of Ratio			
INVESTMENT INFORMATION	<u>v</u>			
Book Value Per Share	Equity / Share fully paid on year-end	0.47 Baht	0.44 Baht	0.40 Baht
Earning Per Share	Net Profit / Share fully paid on year-end	0.08 Baht	0.08 Baht	0.09 Baht
Growth Rate				
Total Assets (Increase)		0.86%	23.25%	4.31%
Total Liabilities (decrease)		(10.49)%	56.61%	(15.34)%
Operating Revenue (Increase)		9.03%	7.15%	24.23%
Operating Expenses (Increase)		8.21%	7.44%	25.78%
Net Profit (decrease)		(6.75)%	(4.90)%	48.94%

CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL RATIO

CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL R					
Type o	Type of Ratio				
LIQUIDITY RATIO					
Current Ratio	Current Assets / Current Liabilities	0.54 time	0.46 time	0.69 time	
Acid-Test Ratio	(Current Assets - Inventory) / Current Liabilities	0.44 time	0.37 time	0.46 time	
Cash-Flow Coverage Ratio	Cash from operating / Current Liabilities (Average)	0.45 time	0.46 time	0.59 time	
Receivable Turnover	Sales / Account Receivable (Average)	9.59 time	9.64 time	8.91 time	
Number of day's Sales in	365 / Receivable Turnover	38 days	38 days	41 days	
Receivables					
Inventory Turnover	Sales / Inventory (Average)	24.60 time	24.80 time	22.91 time	
Number of day's Sales in Inventory	365 / Inventory Turnover	15 days	15 days	16 days	
Account Payable Turnover	Purchases or Cost of Sales / Account	12.70 time	12.42 time	11.91 time	
	Payable (Average)				
Number of day's Payment	365 / Account Payable Turnover	29 days	29 days	30 days	
Cash Cycle	Number of day's Sales in Receivable + Number of day's Sales in Inventory - Number of day's Payment	24 days	24 days	27 days	

FINANCIAL RATIO

CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL R	RATIO							
Туре	2017	2016	2015					
PROFITABILITY RATIO								
Gross Profit Ratio	Profit before tax / Sales	31.82%	32.89%	35.30%				
Net Profit Ratio	Net Profit / Total Revenue	11.54%	10.96%	14.91%				
Rate of Return on Common Stock Equity	Net Profit / Equity	12.40%	12.39%	19.79%				
EFFICIENCY RATIO								
Rate of Return on Assets	Net Profit / Total Assets (Average)	9.08%	10.06%	14.33%				
Rate of Return on Fixed Asset	Net Profit + Depreciation / Fixed Asset (Average)	19.90%	23.03%	32.42%				
Assets Turnover	Total Revenue / Total Assets (Average)	0.45 time	0.49 time	0.58 time				
FINANCIAL POLICY RATIO								
Debt to Stockholders Equity	Total Liabilities / Equity	0.99 time	0.86 time	0.78 time				
Times Interest Earned	Profit before Interest and Tax / Interest Expense	10.79 time	16.49 time	20.45 time				
INVESTMENT INFORMATION	·							
Book Value Per Share	Equity / Share fully paid on year-end	0.89 Baht	0.88 Baht	0.68 Baht				
Earning Per Share	Net Profit / Share fully paid on year-end	0.11 Baht	0.10 Baht	0.12 Baht				

OPERATING REVENUE

Chiang Mai Ram Medical Business Public Company Limited operates Lanna Hospital which is a 180-bed private hospital and Lanna Hospital 2 which is a 30-bed private hospital. At present the hospital has 70 examination rooms with the capacity for servicing 2,200 out-patients daily. The average daily numbers of patients are 1,800 for OPD and 210 for IPD.

Lanna Hospital is a general hospital with specialists in every department. It has modern medical equipments ready for 24 hour service. In addition service amenity and emergency equipment are also available in all patients' room.

Revenue generated from services provided by the hospital can be classified as follow:

- SEPARATE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

	2017		2016		2015		2014	
Thousand Baht	Amount	%	Amount	%	Amount	%	Amount	%
General Patient	774,229	51.10	708,236	48.94	611,192	46.94	560,343	54.48
SOCIAL INSURANCE	654,332	43.18	602,064	41.60	611,699	46.98	423,994	41.23
OTHER REVENUE ₍₁₎	86,626	5.72	136,908	9.46	79,069	6.07	44,136	4.29
TOTAL REVENUE	1,515,187	100.00	1,447,208	100.00	1,301,960	100.00	1,028,473	100.00

CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Thousand Baht	2017		2016		2015		2014	
	Amount	%	Amount	%	Amount	%	Amount	%
General Patient	2,762,228	72.40	2,573,908	72.75	2,285,729	68.31	2,179,038	73.64
SOCIAL INSURANCE	985,409	25.83	907,546	25.65	939,889	28.09	643,190	21.74
REVENUE NATION HEALTH	-	-	868	0.03	62,156	1.86	76,084	2.57
SECURITY OFFICE								
OTHER REVENUE	67,736	1.78	55,626	1.57	58,188	1.74	60,523	2.05
TOTAL REVENUE	3,815,373	100.00	3,537,948	100.00	3,345,962	100.00	2,958,835	100.00

The Industrial Condition

Regarding to the above situation effecting to several industries, the private hospital business is unavoidably affected too. For this reason, therefore, it has effected to the industrial condition and the rivalry of private hospital business to the present as following;

(1) Government Policy

Government Policy: According to the Act of Medical Fee of Government Official, it has more limitation to consider the medical expense disbursement in the private hospitals. Therefore, the bureaucrats turn to use the service of public hospitals instead.

Social Security Project: Due to the diminishing economy and the lack of purchasing power, the private hospitals have to seriously emphasize the patients from the social security, regarding to the Labor and Social Welfare Act, to be their main patients s in the long run. However, there are several private hospitals in Chiang Mai participating in the social security project while the amount of social security patients is still the same. This situation causes more severe competition.

Health for All Project: It was established by the government in 2001. In this group, the public and private hospitals divide the patients by geography. In addition, the government also fixes the compensation. Thus, there is no the competition between the hospitals joining in this project, for instance, Changpuek Hospital. Anyway, there are many hospitals not attending to the project such as Lanna Hospital, Chiang Mai Ram Hospital and Theppanya Hospital. There may be some patients, which are the customers of the hospital group, choose the service of the hospitals participating in the project instead.

(2) Decreasing Purchasing Power

Due to the declining economy, there are several businesses which reduce the production capacity or close down. The rate of unemployed people is increasing. The welfare of executives and staffs, both in public and private sector, are controlled for the organization survival. People have to cut down the unnecessary expense; at least they change to use the service of public hospitals because the medical fee is lower than the private hospitals or use the service of the government project.

(3) Growth of Private Hospitals

Most of private hospitals face a problem about growth and have to postpone many projects. It is observable that the number of private hospitals and hospital beds remains the same as 2016. This is the result from the government policy concerning with the medical treatment and the declining purchasing power. It effects to the amount of patients in the private hospitals and the income meanwhile the cost (which are medicine and medical supplies, the doctor fee etc.) is subject to increase. Hence, many hospitals have to adjust the marketing strategies to be concordant with the present situation, for example, the patients from the insurance companies, the medical treatment program (annual health check-up program or childbearing) etc. These factors enlarge the higher rivalry compared with the last year.

(4) Service Improvement of Public Hospitals

The public hospitals improve the quality of service to compete with the private hospitals. It is another reason that the patients turn to use the public hospitals instead because the fee is cheaper and the service standard is equal to the private hospitals.

Rivalry Condition

The analysis of industrial rivalry condition by Five Forces method composes of the five factors analysis. They are the entry barrier, the substitute products, the power of buyer and the power of supplier which can be concluded that the hospital business is the moderate competition business.

- (1) Entry Barrier: The entry of new competitors in the hospital business is rarely founded because of the high capital incentive and the insufficient staffs especially the limited amount of qualified and specific medical personnel.
- (2) Power of Buyer: According to the diminishing economy, the purchasing power of general consumer is decreasing too. The partial patients turn to use the service of public hospitals, the social security project and the health for all project. The rivalry between private hospitals seems to be intensifying and the strategies are changed to be suitable for the type and needs of present patients. Nevertheless, the target group of both Lanna Hospital and Chiang Mai Ram Hospital are general patients in the middle and top level who prefer the quality of service and/or the quality of doctor than the medical fee.

- (3) Power of Supplier: The power of supplier in the hospital business is quite low because there are a lot of domestic and foreign manufacturers. Most of them offer the products to the doctors or the concerning people for purchase consideration. Besides, the incorporation between Lanna Hospital and other hospitals in Chiang Mai Ram group including the rights to use the purchasing system of Ramkhamheang network is the way to increase the bargaining power to the organization.
- (4) Substitute Products: At present, the public hospitals starts to develop the service to compete with the private hospitals such as there are some special clinics opening after working hour in the public hospitals. However, compared with the private hospitals, the quality of service of the private hospitals is more flexible and able to maintain the better service. Additional, other substitute products such as the drugstores or clinics might affect the private hospitals having the target patients in the middle and low level.
- (5) Competitor: Regarding the 2017 statistic prepared by the Public Healthcare at Chiang Mai, there are 43 hospitals providing service for IPD patient. 11 hospitals out of those are private hospitals providing general healthcare service, and 8 hospitals out of them have more than 100 beds, being the same size as LNH. Meccomic Hospital, presently, is the biggest private hospital in Chiang Mai providing 400 beds or equivalent to 24.27%. Chiang Mai Ram Hospital provides 220 beds or equivalent to 13.35% and Lanna Hospital 210 beds or equivalent to 12.75%. After the merger between LNH and the CMR group, they will become the biggest hospital in Chiang Mai or providing up to 599 beds or equivalent to 36.35%. This merger transaction, also, means the reduction of competitors.

Competition among hospitals mostly focuses on the service, quality of doctors, and modern medical equipments. If compared medical equipments among hospitals in Chiang Mai, CMR may considered CMR providing the latest new technology of medical equipment. The following table shows comparison of registered beds and the beds in services.

Name of Hospital	Beds of Registered	%
LANNA HOSPITAL + LANNA HOSPITAL 2	210	12.75
CHIANG MAI RAM HOSPITAL	220	13.35
THAPPANYA HOSPITAL	109	6.61
THAPPANYA HOSPITAL 2	60	3.64
LANNA HOSPITAL AND CHIANG MAI RAM HOSPITAL GROUP	599	36.35
McCORMICK HOSPITAL	400	24.27
RAJAVEJ HOSPITAL	150	9.10
CENTRAL MEMORIAL HOSPITAL	120	7.28
KLAIMOR HOSPITAL	119	7.22
CHIANGMAI MEDICAL CENTER HOSPITAL	100	6.07
BANGKOK HOSPITAL CHIANG MAI	59	3.58
CHIAMGMAI HOSPITAL	50	3.04
OTHERS	51	3.09
TOTAL	1,648	100.00%

KEY SUCCESS FACTORS

The competition among private and government hospitals have increased during this time so that many changes are needed in order to keep our existing clients and to gain new clients. Therefore, to gain the advantages of this development, the company has created strategies or key success factors as follows.

1. Personnel Development Policy

Lanna Hospital has focused on personnel development policy for over 40 years.

2. Marketing Policy

In order to support the demands of the clients, Lanna Hospital has expanded its business to the community by taking part in their activities and disseminating useful information to them. Following our marketing strategies, We have increased the number of satellite clinics in surrounding districts and nearby provinces.

3. Administration Policy

Lanna Hospital has a firm policy to reduce operating cost and to increase efficiency in medical treatment and associated services.

4. Quality Policy

Lanna Hospital has implemented personnel development for our employees to provide the best services to our clients. The hospital received the ISO 15189 certification and received the Hospital Accreditation (HA) certification.

Hospital business is the basic necessity of life and expands in accordance with the increase in population. Also, it may grow when the population has higher education level, economic conditions and social status together with the continuous development of the country. The risk in medical business is less than other general businesses. However, there are certain cases of risk which may affect future company operations. They are as follows.

1. External Factor

1.1 Economic Situation of the Country

The negative growth rate of Thai economy has affected all business sectors. As a consequence, the public and private sectors have realized the necessity to adjust their. It was the result of Domestic and international factors affecting the global economy, such as the political change, the fluctuation of gas price, the fluctuation of the monetary value event to the fluctuation of the world economy and the failure a large company in the westerner etc. This economics has impacted industry, capital investment and also expenditures as corporate or individual. As the sickness of people being uncontrollable factor and need to be cured by doctor, healthcare industry has moderate impact by the slow economics.

1.2 Competition in Medical Services Business

As a result of slow economics' growth rate has caused the reduction in the ability and purchasing power of Thai people, and increasing the competition among hospitals. However, LNH has reviewed its marketing strategy by maintaining its quality of service and type of service that relate to both current and new patients' demand. Both LNH and CMR may considered healthcare service provider at the same level. The merger between them, therefore, means the reduction of competitors in the industry, and become the biggest private hospital in Chiang Mai and northern part of Thailand.

2. Business Operation

2.1 Risk from Personnel Shortage

Lack of expert in healthcare service. The number of people in Chiang Mai and provinces nearby, while the number of doctors and nurses limit. This limitation may cause insufficient doctor and nurse to cure patients. However, CMR has set the compensation and benefits at the appropriated rate and inline with the industry. Additional, the merger of LNH and the CMR group has caused sharing this limitation resource and reduce the lack of doctors or nurse.

2.2 Risk from Sued by patient

Sued by patient or related person to patient. If any patient or related person to the patient is not satisfied with medical program while the healthcare service related to life and healthy of patients, he or she may sue the hospital for the compensation. This, also, affect the reputation of the hospital. However, CMR has never been sued by any patient or related person to the patient since start its services.

3 Investment

3.1 Investment on medical equipment

In case of less number of patient, it causes low return compared to high investment cost of medical equipment. Therefore, the merger of LNH and the CMR group shall allow LNH or the CMR group to share high-cost medical equipment.

3.2 Investment in Chiangmai Ram Hospital Company Limited

After an investment in Chiangmai Ram Hospital, CMR will has sub-companies; Theppanya Business Company Limited and the co-operative company is Khelangnakorn Hospital. Furthermore, there are 4 concerning hospitals which are Phayao Ram Hospital Company Limited, Bhum Panya International Company Limited, Chaiyaphum Ram Company Limited and Khonkaen Ram Company Limited. The turnover of these companies will effect the investment capital of CMR in the future and some companies had better business profits on 31 December 2017, while Bhum Panya International Company Limited still lost due to interest from loaning money and not available service. On the contrary, CMR already prepared an allowance of full amount of capital impairment.

4 Financial

The Company and its subsidiaries manage their financial risk exposure on financial assets and financial liabilities in the normal business by its internal management and control system, and the Company and its subsidiaries do not hold or issue any derivative financial instruments.

4.1 Interest Rate Risk

The Company and its subsidiaries are exposed to interest rate risk relates primarily to its cash at banks, bank overdrafts, short-term loans and long-term loan. However, most of the Company's financial assets and liabilities bear floating interest rates or fixed interest rates which are close to the market. However, the management believed that the future fluctuation on market interest rate would not provided significant effect to their operations and cash flows, therefore; no financial derivative was adopted to manage such risks.

4.2 Credit risk

The Company and its subsidiaries are exposed to credit risk primarily relating to trade accounts receivable and short-term / long-term loans to related parties. The management of the Company and its subsidiaries manage this risk by establishing appropriate credit control policies and procedures. Therefore, it does not expect to incur material losses from debt collection more than the amount already provided in the allowance for doubtful accounts.

4.3 Foreign currency risk

The Company and its subsidiaries companies do not hold risk from fluctuation of exchange rate in the oversea currencies since the trading activity of the Company and its subsidiaries companies are performed with domestic business.

4.4 Liquidity risk

The Company and its subsidiaries manage its liquidity risk by maintaining adequate level of cash and cash equivalents to support the Company's and its subsidiaries' operations as well as securing short-term credit facilities from financial institutions for reserve as necessary and to reduce the impact of fluctuations in cash flow.

5. LOANS RISK

SHORT-TERM LOANS TO RELATED PARTIES

The consolidated financial statements for the years ended December 31, 2017 and 2016, the movement of short-term loans to related parties were as follows:

			Baht				
			Consolidated financial statements				
	Interest rate	Balance as at	Transaction during the year Balar		Balance as at		
	per annum (%)	December 31, 2016	Increase	Settlement	December 31, 2017		
Khonkaen Ram Hospital Co., Ltd.	7	18,000,000.00	-	-	18,000,000.00		
Vibharam Hospital Co., Ltd.	4.5	30,000,000.00	-	(30,000,000.00)	-		
Vibharam (Amatanakorn) Hospital Co., Ltd.	4.5	75,000,000.00	10,000,000.00	(55,000,000.00)	30,000,000.00		
Gassan Marina Golf Club Co., Ltd.	4.5	-	86,000,000.00	-	86,000,000.00		
Total		123,000,000.00	96,000,000.00	(85,000,000.00)	134,000,000.00		

			Baht						
			Separate financial statements						
	Interest rate	Balance as at	Transaction o	luring the year	Balance as at				
	per annum (%)	December 31, 2016	Increase	Settlement	December 31, 2017				
Hariphunchai Memorial Hospital Co., Ltd.	4.5	10,000,000.00	-	(10,000,000.00)	-				
Vibharam Hospital Co., Ltd.	4.5	30,000,000.00	-	(30,000,000.00)	-				
Vibharam (Amatanakorn) Hospital Co., Ltd.	4.5	30,000,000.00	-	-	30,000,000.00				
Total		70,000.000.00	-	(40,000,000.00)	30,000,000.00				

The Company and the subsidiary company loan to related parties in the form of bill of exchange due at call. The interest will be paid every month. The said loan had no security.

LONG-TERM LOANS TO RELATED PARTIES

The consolidated financial statements for the years December 31, 2017, and 2016 the movements of long-term loans to related parties were as follows:

	Consolidated financial statements						
	Balance as at	Transaction di	uring the year	Balance as at			
	December 31, 2016	Increase	Settlement	December 31, 2017			
Phayao Ram Hospital Co., Ltd.	5,625,000.00	-	-	5,625,000.00			
Gassan Khuntan Golf and Resort Co.,Ltd	24,000,000.00	-	-	24,000,000.00			
Bhumpanya International Co., Ltd.	29,228,729.89	-	_	29,228,729.89			
Less Allowance for doubtful accounts	(29,228,729.89)	-	-	(29,228,729.89)			
Net	29,625,000.00	24,000,000.00	-	29,625,000.00			

As at December 31, 2017 and 2016, long-term loans to Phayao Ram Hospital Co., Ltd. was in the form of bill of exchange with interest at the rate of 8.00% per annum and loan period of 10 years. This loan had no any guarantee.

As at December 31, 2017 and 2016, long-term loans to Bhumpanya International Co., Ltd. was in the form of contract with interest at the rate of 4.50%per annum, this loan had no any guarantee. From July 2014, this loan had do not charge interest.

As at December 31, 2017 and 2016, long-term loans to Gassan Khuntan Golf and Resort Co.,Ltd. was in the form of contract. This loan had guarantee by 240,000 shares of Gassan Khuntan Golf and Resort Co.,Ltd. with interest at the rate of 5% per annum.

6 Other factors which may affect investment

6.1 Lawsuit

Lanna Hospital (LNH): The owner of land, located at Chiang Mai with the title deed no. 49732, has allowed LNH to use that piece of land as an entrance to Building B of the hospital and to parking lot for staff, but presently the owner would like to cancel the permission to use that entrance without any notice. Therefore, LNH has requested the court to order the land owner to allow LNH to pass. Regarding court's order, LNH has still used that entrance since February 2006 to present.

6.2 Future Commitment for share issuance;

- None

6.3 Resolution to issue share;

- None

6.4 BOI Privilege;

None

6.5 Commitments and Contingent Liabilities;

As at December 31, 2017 and 2016, the Company and its subsidiaries had commitments and contingent liabilities were as follows:

6.5.1 Capital commitment

The Company and its subsidiaries were committed to obligations under agreements with several companies for the construction of buildings, interior decoration, water system improvement and other at the total amount of Baht 34.63 million and Baht 177.18 million, respectively (The separate at the total amount of Baht 1.14 million and Baht 1.30 million, respectively).

The Company and its subsidiaries have paid Baht 22.07 million and Baht 163.00 million, respectively, (The separate at the total amount of Baht 0.57 million and Baht 0.78 million, respectively) under the terms of the contract and has outstanding commitments under the agreement at Baht million 12.56 and Baht 14.16 million, respectively (The separate at the total amount of Baht 0.57 million and Baht 0.52 million, respectively).

6.5.2 Operating lease commitments

The Company and its subsidiaries had commitment to pay for medical maintenance contracts outstanding, as follows:

	Consolidated finance	cial statements	Separate financi	al statements
	2017 2016		2016 2017	
Payment within				
1 year	3,714,142.98	10,598,360.28	2,508,085.40	2,967,420.28
2 - 5 year	13,643,827.33	5,245,467.02	1,206,057.58	2,962,147.02
More than 5 years		-		-
	17,357,970.31	15,843,827.30	3,714,142.98	5,929,567.30

6.5.3 Guarantees

The Company and its subsidiaries had commitments to a bank guarantee for electricity usage, guarantee for post department, guarantee for social security office and bank aval Baht 46.78 million and Baht 48.06 million, respectively (The separate amount of Baht 22.27 million and Baht 31.36 million, respectively).

DIVIDEND POLICY

Board of Directors will propose to the company's shareholders to pay dividend of at least 50% of the net profit after tax, and depend on business plan and use of fund in the future.

In 2017, the company has dividend payment for the operation from January 1, 2016 to December 31, 2016 has been Baht 0.046 per share or 55.77% of the net profit after tax and has been paid to shareholders on May 25, 2017.

The Dividend During 2012-2017

	The Dividend During 2012-2016					
	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	
Number of Share	4,023,125,000	4,023,125,000	4,023,125,000	4,023,125,000	4,023,125,000	
Par = 0.10 (BAHT)						
Earning Per Share	0.034	0.050	0.058	0.087	0.080	
Dividend Per Share (BAHT)	0.025	0.030	0.036	0.042	0.046	
Dividend payout Ratio	74.40	60.61	61.82	47.96	55.77	
AMOUNT (BAHT)	100,578,125.00	120,693,750.00	144,832,250.00	167,362,000.00	185,063,750.00	
PAID DATE	23/05/2013	26/05/2014	25/05/2015	25/05/2016	25/05/2017	

Management Discussion and Analysis: MD&A)

1. Performance Summary

(CMR) Chiang Mai Ram Medical Business Public Company Limited's overall operation of the year 2017,

comparing to the past year; the company and subsidiaries' net profit has increased 50.60 million baht or 9.78%. The

numbers come from total income of the company and subsidiaries which is 3,822.31 million baht, it increases by 285

million baht or 8.06% and other income in 2017, an increase of 12.10 million baht from the year 2016; when the cost of

overall hospitals company is 2,554.96 million baht which is 217.90 million baht higher or 9.32%. The administrative

expense is also risen up by 489.21 million baht which is 13.05 million baht higher or 2.74%. The interest expense

increases by 31.68 million baht or 56.89% and expense on income tax is down by 123.03 million baht which is 28.22

million baht or 18.66%. See details and description below,

2 Results in Performance and Making Profit Ability

2.1. Performance

2.1.1 Income

In the year 2017, the company and subsidiaries has total income of 3,747.64 million baht, comparing to the

year 2016 which was 3,482.32 million baht; it has increased by 265.31 million baht or 7.62%. This number comes from;

the company itself, 99.47 million baht, Chiangmai Ram Hospital Company Limited 125.63 million baht, and the

Hariphunchai Memorial Hospital increasing by 40.21 million baht on revenues of patients of OPD increased by 20.57

million baht IPD increased 45.42 million baht, Chiangmai Ram OPD added 66.10 million baht, IPD up 63.34 million baht

Haripunchai OPD IPD increased by baht 18.54 million, up 9.42 million baht but gross margin fell. Since 2017 years, the

income of the updated income from Social Security. A reduction of revenue, down from 28.92 million baht for a refund,

and improving risk in Q4 2016 and the rising cost of healthcare received. Nurses and support staff to the insured and

the number of patients increased.

2.1.2 Cost of Medication

In the year 2017, the cost of medication of the company and subsidiaries is 2,554.96 million baht, which is 217.90 million baht higher than the year 2016 or 9.32%. The increasing comes from the company 93.67 million baht or 11.14% of and the subsidiaries, Chiangmai Ram hospital Co.,Ltd 129.35 million baht or 16.65% and the Hariphunchai Memorial Hospital Co.,Ltd 18.61 million baht or 9.13%. Cost of medication of the company and subsidiaries are composed of doctor's fee, nurse compensation, medicines, and medical supply; which was increased by the numbers of patients.

In the year 2017, the proportion of cost of medication to income of medical fee is at 68.17%; comparing to the year 2016 which is 67.11%, it's clearly defined that the proportion of the increased cost per income has slightly decreased.

2.1.3 Sale and Administrative Costs

The administrative cost of the year 2017 is 489.21 million baht which is more than 13.05 million baht from the year 2016 or 2.74%. Consequentially composed of employee compensation, remuneration of executive officers and board directors, land acquisition charges and overall selling and administrative costs of the year 2017 is 12.80% on the total income, comparing to the year 2016 which was 13.46%. For the financial cost, 87.35 million baht is the amount from the year 2016 which has increased by 31.68 million baht from the past year 56.89% and 2.29% of the total income. This results from the loans from financial institutions in order to purchase land from 2016.

The company and subsidiaries have income tax in the year 2017 at 123 million baht, comparing to the year 2016; it decreased by 28.22 million baht or 18.66%. Corporate income tax decreased by Baht 23.31 million due to the gain from sale of land to subsidiary in the year 2016, resulting in tax payment more than 2560.

2.2 Ability to make profit

The company and subsidiaries have gross profit of 1,192.67 million baht in the year 2017, comparing to the year 2016, it has increased by 47.42 million baht or 4.14%; the net profit of the year 2017 is 567.79 million baht, comparing to the year 2016 ;has inecreased to 50.60 million baht or 9.78%. For EBITDA, the number is at 1006.18 million baht comparing to the year 2016, which was 927.09 million baht. The margin before depreciation and amortization expense is 26.32% and 26.20% in the year 2016. This makes the consolidated financial statement has earnings per share by 0.11 baht in the year 2017 which decreased from 2016 by 0.01 baht.

Profit and Loss Statement	2017	2016	Change	
	(Baht)	(Baht)	(%)	
Profit from Medication	3,747,637,294.65	3,482,322,637.48	7.62	
Share of profits from investments and corporates	6,932,329.41	(641,038.20)	(1,118.42)	
Total Profit	3,822,306,302.58	3,537,307,407.12	8.06	
Total Expenses	3,254,525,634.81	3,020,127,639.25	7.76	
Net Profit (Net Loss)	567,780,667,77	517,179,767.87	9.78	
Attribute to shared holders	440,484,119.25	387,684,537.03	13.62	
Attribute to Non-Controlling interests	127,296,548.52	129,495,230.84	(1.70)	

3 Assets Management

- 3.1 Cash and Cash equivalent in the year 2017: 348.26 million baht, comparing to the year 2016; it increased 159.72 million baht. The Company and its subsidiaries have the money, long-term loans from financial institutions to increase investment in land. Property and equipment increased
- 3.2 Trade account receivable and accrued income in the year 2017: 396.80 million baht, comparing to the year 2016; it increased 12 million baht.
- 3.3 Inventory of 2017, 109.68 comparing to 2016; increased by 11.62 million baht which were medicines and pharmaceutical. All belonged to subsidiaries 9.33 million baht.
- 3.4 Available for-sale investments in 2017 of 2,609.29 million baht. Compared to the year 2016, a decrease of 488.25 reasons for the decline due to the divestment of subsidiaries increased by Baht 54.55 million in fair value adjustments.
- 3.5 The increase in funds for short-term loans to related parties in 2017 of 134 million baht in the year 2016 of 123 million baht, an increase of 11 million baht The decreasing resulted by more loans in between period 96 million baht and paid back 85 million baht.
- 3.6 Investment in corporate in the year 2017 was 108.65 million baht, increased from the year 2016 was 10.44 million baht. The company has a share of profits from investments increased 7.57 million baht. and share of profit of associate increase in the amount of baht 7.57 million.
- 3.7 General investment in the year 2017, was 235.03 million baht; decreased by 0.62 million baht comparing to 2016. The subsidiary recorded provision for impairment of investment in Chaiyapum Ram Hospital Co., Ltd increased respectively, due to this company had operations loss.

3.8 Lands, buildings, equipment in the year 2017, the company and subsidiaries had increased valued of fixed assets 744.58 million baht from the year 2016. Due to the company and subsidiaries has purchased the land and building to accommodate the growing number of patients. And the subsidiaries have improved wards used for a long time. And recognized as part of the building.

3.9 Investment property in 2017 decreased by 1.39 million baht because the subsidiary has accumulated depreciation, increased from the year 2016 of 1.27 million baht.

In conclusion, current assets in the year 2017 increased from 2016. The increase in cash and cash equivalents. The assets that have increased. In terms of land Buildings and equipment

3.10 Total debt of the company and subsidiaries by 31st December 2017, 3,527.47 million baht increased by 480.72 million baht or 32.49% from 2016. Resulting from current debts increased 73.81 million baht Because there are short-term loans from related parties. The increase of 88 million baht and long-term loans from financial institutions due within one year increase of 43.51 million baht while Non-current liabilities increased by 406.90 million baht due to the year 2017, the Company had finance long-term loans from financial institutions. the amount of 493.03 million baht and Deferred tax liabilities decreased by 92.70 million baht.

STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL	2017	2016	Change	
POSITION	(Baht)	(Baht)	(%)	
Assets				
Total current assets	1,007,238,951.23	816,592,298.67	23.35	
Total fixed assets	7,786,119,031.22	7,528,224,750.52	3.43	
Total Assets	8,793,357,982.45	8,344,817,049.19	5.38	
Total current debts	1,868,070,613.20	1,794,257,131.50	4.11	
Total fixed debts	1,659,396,124.73	1,252,494,469.34	32.49	
Total Debts	3,527,466,737.75	3,046,751,600.84	15.78	
Total Share Holders	5,265,891,244.70	5,298,065,448.35	(0.61)	

4. Liquidity

In the year 2017, the company and subsidiaries has cash flow from operation 821.58 million baht, comparing to 2016; increased by 75.72 million baht. Cash flow from investment activities in the year 2017 was 927.29 million baht, decreased 226.84 million baht. comparing to 2016; The change occurred from an investor pays to buy the

property, plant and equipment decreased by baht 280.65 million baht in cash and short-term loans to related parties decreased by 220 million baht. the company and subsidiaries earned cash flow from activities 265.43 million baht, comparing to the year 2016 decreased 90.28 million baht. This change is due to the cash received form short-term loans from related parties decreased by Baht 417 million baht and cash received from long-term loans from financial institutions increased by 230 million baht. From all above, resulting in cash balance by end of 31st December 2017 at 384.26 million baht comparing to cash balance of 31st December 2016 which was 188.54 million baht.

From the ratio of cash flow above, the company and subsidiaries had less current assets than current debts which was; current assets less than 46.08% of current debts and liquidity ratio in 2017 decrease from 2016 was 0.08 times.

The ability to by debt and follow the conditions of loan was important, the ability of finding the good fund support, the company was able to pay debt and follow the condition of loan perfectly which impacted in getting good credit from financial institution; including that the company had high value insured assets that earned more credit and the ability to earn more fund then pay interests at 10.79 times.

	2017	2016
	(Baht)	(Baht)
Cash flow from operations	821,582,496.16	745,866,702.73
Cash flow from investment activities	(927,288,860.76)	(1,154,126,714.45)
Cash flow from funding	265,426,375.40	335,708,950.36
Cash flow and cash equivalent increased (decreased)	159,720,010.80	(52,551,061.36)
Cash flow and cash equivalent end of year	348,261,463.40	188,541,452.60
Liquidity Ratio	0.54 เท่า	0.46 times
Current Liquidity Ratio	0.40 เท่า	0.32 times
Cash flow Liquidity Ratio	0.45 เท่า	0.46 times

- 5. Obligation liabilities and off-balance sheet liabilities management
 - There was no obligation liabilities and off-balance sheet liabilities management.
- 6. Reports of off-operation income, significant in financial position and operation
 - No impact
- 7. Important changes
 - No impact
- 8. The impact of restructuring shareholders
 - No impact

SHAREHOLDER' S STRUCTURE

Shareholder's Structure of the Chiang Mai Ram Medical Business Public Company Limited

Issued Share = 4,023,125,000 shares	As at Dec. 31, 2017 No. of Share holders				As at Dec. 31, 2016 No. of Share holders			
	Juristic Person Ordinary pe		inary person	Jı	ıristic Person	Ordinary person		
	(person)	(share)	(person)	(share)	(person)	(share)	(person)	(share)
Nationality								
Thai Shareholders	6	3,702,496,133	374	318,428,867	7	3,692,214,133	388	329,014,867
Foreign Shareholders	1	2,200,000	0	0	1	1,766,000	1	130,000
Foreign Shareholders	7	3,704,696,133	374	318,428,867	8	3,693,980,133	389	329,144,867
Distribution of Share Holding***								
Shareholders holding Over 0.5%	2	3,700,034,733	0	0	2	3,687,752,733	0	0
Shareholders holding Under 0.5 %	5	4,661,400	374	318,428,867	6	6,227,400	389	329,144,867
Total number of share holdings	7	3,704,696,133	374	318,428,867	8	3,693,980,133	389	329,144,867

STRUCTURE OF SHAREHOLDERS

The structure of shareholders in 2017 was as follows:

Thai Shareholders 380 holding 4,020,925,000 shares representing 99.95% Foreign Shareholders 1 holding 2,200,000 shares representing 0.05%

Dispersion of Shareholders

- Shareholders holding more than 0.5 % or more than 20,110,000 shares per shareholder totalling 2 shareholders holding 3,700,034,733 shares representing 91.97% shares released on the market.
- (B) Shareholders holding less than 0.5 % or less than 20,110,000 shares per shareholder totalling 379 shareholders holding 323,090,267 shares representing 8.03% shares released on the market.

MAJOR SHAREHOLDERS

AS AT DECEMBER 30, 2017

Major Shareholders	No. of shares	Percentage
Vibhavadi Medical Center Public Company Limited	3,310,000,000	82.27
2. Dr. Chaiyakarn Soonrotok	20,000,000	0.50
3. Mr. Thitikasame Nivasawate	11,750,000	0.29
4. Mr. Amphan Viprakasit	10,000,000	0.25
5. Mrs. Somjit Sethabuth	10,000,000	0.25
6. Miss Pavadee Jivawitchakul	10,000,000	0.25
7. Mrs. Boonsom Chaimongkul	6,000,000	0.15
8. Mr. Phunnang Panikabuth	5,000,000	0.12
9. Mrs. Ampai Srisawate	5,000,000	0.12
10. Mrs. Pensri Wateranan	5,000,000	0.12
11. Mrs. Kimheng Rungcharean	5,000,000	0.12
12. OTHERS	625,375,000	15.56
TOTAL	4,023,125,000	100.00

DIRECTOR'S SHAREHOLDING IN THE COMPANY

		Amount Change	Amount Remaining as at
	Name of Directors	during the year	Dec. 31, 2017
DR. RACHA	SOMBURANASIN	-	-
DR. VARAPHAN	UNACHAK	497,100	497,100
DR. DUSIT	SRISAKUL	29,400	306,000
DR. TEERAYUTH	NIYOMGOOL	-	20,000
DR. SUMETH	HANDAGOON	-	-
DR. CHAMNAN	CHANAPAI	-	-
MR. SITHI	PANUPATTANAPONG	-	
MR. CHAISITH	VIRIYAMETTAKUL	-	38,985,000
MR. RUECHID	KANJANAPITAK	-	-
DR. SUTHISAK	KANAPRACH	-	-
DR. KRIRK	JITTALAN	-	-
MISS PAPAT	SUPAOKIT	-	-

BOARD OF DIRECTORS

ประวัติกรรมการและผู้บริหาร ANNA บริษัท เชียงใหม่รามธุรกิจการแพทย์ จำกัด (มหาชน) ประวัติการทำงาน 5 ปี ย้อนหลัง ชื่อ/ตำแหน่ง บริษัท บมจ. โรงพยาบาลรามคำแหง 2531 - ปัจจุบัน ประธานกรรมการ นพ.รัชช สมบูรณสิน Diplomate American Board 2546 - ปัจจบัน กรรมการบริหาร บจ. โรงพยาบาลวิภาราม ประธานกรรมการบริษัท of Radiology Certificate In 78 2548 - ปัจจุบัน กรรมการบริหาร โรงพยาบาลสุขุมวิท Dr.Racha Somburanasin Neuroradiology 2549 - ปัจจุบัน กรรมการบริหาร โรงพยาบาลชัยภูมิราม Chairman 2551 - ปัจจุบัน ประธานกรรมการ บมจ. เชียงใหม่รามธุรกิจ การแพทย์ บมจ. โรงพยาบาลรามคำแหง 2. นพ. วรพันธ์ อุณจักร แพทยศาสตร์บัณฑิต 2536 - ปัจจุบัน กรรมการบริหาร 2536 - ปัจจุบัน ผู้อำนวยการ โรงพยาบาลเชียงใหม่ ราม มหาวิทยาลัยเชียงใหม่ กรรมการบริษัท และ 0.1 67 0.1 2538 - ปัจจุบัน โรงพยาบาลเทพปัญญา ผู้อำนวยการ ผ่านการอบรมหลักสูตร ประธานกรรมการบริหาร โรงพยาบาลข้างเผือก Director Accreditation Program 2550 - ปัจจุบัน กรรมการบริษัท Dr.Varaphan Unachak จากสมาคมส่งเสริมสถาบัน 2550 - ปัจจุบัน กรรมการบริษัท บมจ. เชียงใหม่รามธุรกิจ Director/Executive กรรมการบริษัทไทย เมื่อปี 2546 และประธานกรรมการ การแพทย์ Committee Chairman บริหาร แพทยศาสตร์บัณฑิต 3. นพ.คุสิต ศรีสกุล บมจ. เชียงใหม่ธุรกิจการแพทย์ 2534 - ปัจจุบัน ศัลยแพทย์ออร์โธปิติกส์ กรรมการ, กรรมการบริหาร, มหาวิทยาลัยเชียงใหม่ ผู้อำนวยการฝ่ายแพทย์ บมจ. เชียงใหม่ธุรกิจการแพทย์ 2543 - 2547 บริหารธรกิจมหาบัณฑิต กรรมการผู้จัดการ และ 2543 - ปัจจุบัน กรรมการบริหาร บมจ. เชียงใหม่ธุรกิจการแพทย์ 0.1 มหาวิทยาลัยเชียงใหม่ ผู้อำนวยการโรงพยาบาล บมจ. เชียงใหม่ธุรกิจการแพทย์ กรรมการบริษัท 2544 - ปัจจุบัน Dr.Dusit Srisakul ผ่านการอบรมหลักสูตร 2547 - ปัจจุบัน บมจ. เชียงใหม่ธุรกิจการแพทย์ ผู้อำนวยการโรงพยาบาล Director Accreditation Program Managing Director/Executive 2547 - ปัจจุบัน กรรมการผู้จัดการ บมจ. เชียงใหม่รามธุรกิจ จากสมาคมส่งเสริมสถาบัน Director/Hospital Director การแพทย์ กรรมการบริษัทไทย เมื่อปี 2547 2540 - 2543 ผู้อำนวยการ รพ. มุกดาหารอินเตอร์เนชั่นแนล แพทยศาสตร์บัณฑิต 4. นพ.ธีระยุทธ นิยมกูล มหาวิทยาลัยเชียงใหม่ ฝ่ายการแพทย์ กรรมการเลขานุการ 2544 - 2545 ศัลยแพทย์ โรงพยาบาลอินเตอร์เวชการ บริหารธุรกิจมหาบัณฑิต กรรมการบริหาร และ 52 รองผู้อำนวยการโรงพยาบาล มหาวิทยาลัยเชียงใม่ 2545 - ปัจจุบัน ศัลยแพทย์ บมจ. เชียงใหม่ธุรกิจการแพทย์ 2547 - ปัจจุบัน รองผู้อำนวยการ บมจ. เชียงใหม่ธุรกิจการแพทย์ ผ่านการอบรมหลักสูตร Dr.Teerayuth Niyomgool Director Accreditation Program โรงพยาบาล Director/Executive จากสมาคมส่งเสริมสถาบัน 2547 - ปัจจุบัน บมจ. เชียงใหม่ธุรกิจการแพทย์ กรรมการบริหาร Director/Hospital Director กรรมการบริษัทไทย เมื่อปี 2550 2550 - ปัจจุบัน กรรมการเลขานุการ บมจ. เชียงใหม่รามธุรกิจ การแพทย์ แพทยศาสตร์บัณฑิต โรงพยาบาลเชียงใหม่ราม 2536 - ปัจจุบัน ผู้อำนวยการ บพ.สุเมธ ฮั่นตระกูล มหาวิทยาลัยเทียงใหม่ 2538 - ปัจจุบัน ผู้อำนวยการ โรงพยาบาลเทพปัญญา กรรมการบริษัท และ วุฒิบัตรศัลยกรรม 2538 - 2548 กรรมการบริหาร โรงพยาบาลพะเยาราม กรรมการบริหาร 70 มหาวิทยาลัยมหิดล 2550 - ปัจจุบัน กรรมการบริษัท โรงพยาบาลช้างเผือก Dr Sumeth Handagoon ผ่านการอบรมหลักสูตร 2550 - ปัจจุบัน กรรมการบริษัท บมจ. เชียงใหม่รามธุรกิจ Director/Executive Director Director Accreditation Program และกรรมการบริหาร การแพทย์ จากสมาคมส่งเสริมสถาบัน กรรมการบริษัทไทย เมื่อปี 2550

BOARD OF DIRECTORS

		M I	เซียงใหม่รามธุรกิ	NATURAL NATURA			มทาชน) ะวัติการทำงาน 5 ปี	เมืองเหล้ง
ชื่อ/	ตำแหน่ง	อายุ	การศึกษา	ระหว่าง ผู้บริหาร	ฮัดส่วน การถือฟุ้น	บา ระยะเวลา	ระวัตการทางาน 5 บ ตำแหน่ง	เ ยอนหลง บริษัท
	6. ทันตแพทย์ชำนาญ ชนะภัย กรรมการบริษัท Dr.Chamnan Chanapai Director	73	- ทันตแพทย์ศาสตร์บัณฑิต มหาวิทยาลัยมหิตล - Cosmetic Restoration N.Y.	3	•	2531 - ปัจจุบัน 2540 - ปัจจุบัน 2546 - ปัจจุบัน 2548 - ปัจจุบัน 2549 - ปัจจุบัน 2551 - ปัจจุบัน	กรรมการบริหาร กรรมการบริหาร กรรมการบริหาร กรรมการบริหาร กรรมการบริหาร กรรมการบริหาร กรรมการบริษัท	บมจ. โรงพยาบาลรามคำแพง บริษัท เอฟ แอนด์ เอส 79 จำกัด บริษัท โรงพยาบาลริภาราม จำกั โรงพยาบาลสุจุมริท โรงพยาบาลสุจุมริท โรงพยาบาลซัยภูมิ ราม บมจ. เชียงใหม่รามธุรกิจการแพง
	7. นายสิทธิ ภาณุพัฒนพงศ์ กรรมการบริษัท Mr.Sit Panupattanapong Director	57	สถาปัตยกรรม สถาบันเทคโนโลยีพระจอมเกล้า Director Accreditation Program จากสมาคมส่งเสริมสถาบัน กรรมการบริษัทไทย เมื่อปี 2555	-	E	ปัจจุบัน	ประธานกรรมการ กรรมการบริษัท/ กรรมการบริษัท/ กรรมการบริษัท/ กรรมการบริษัท/ กรรมการบริษัท กรรมการบริษัท กรรมการบริษัท กรรมการบริษัท	บริษัท สินแพทย์ จำกัด บมจ. โรงพยาบาลวิภาราม จำกัด บริษัท โรงพยาบาลเสรีรักษ์ จำกัด บริษัท โรงพยาบาลเสรีรักษ์ จำกัด บจ. โรงพยาบาลวิภาราม (อมตะน บริษัท ปรินส์ตั้น พาร์ค สวีท จำกัด บมจ. เชียงใหม่รามธุรกิจการแพทย
	8. นายชัยสิทธิ์ วิริยะเมตตากุล กรรมการบริษัท Dr.Chaisit Viriyamethakul Director	68	วิศวกรรมศาสตร์ จุฬาลงกรณ์มหาวิทยาลัย Director Accreditation Program จากสมาคมส่งเสริมสถาบัน กรรมการบริษัทไทย เมื่อปี 2547 Increasing your Corporate Value Through Effective Communication เมื่อปี 2546	0.97	-	2541 - ปัจจุบัน 2545 - ปัจจุบัน 2546 - ปัจจุบัน 2547 2550 - ปัจจุบัน 2552 - ปัจจุบัน	กรรมการผู้จัดการ/ กรรมการบริหาร กรรมการบริหาร กรรมการบริหาร รองประธาน กรรมการบริหาร กรรมการบริษัท กรรมการบริษัท กรรมการบริษัท กรรมการบริษัท	บมจ. โรงพยาบาลวิภารที่ บริษัท โรงพยาบาลวิภาราม จำกัด บริษัท โรงพยาบาลเจ้าพระยา จำกัด บริษัท โรงพยาบาลเสรีรักษ์ จำกัด บจ. โรงพยาบาลวิภาราม (อมตะนะ บริษัท บรินส์ตั้น พาร์ค สวีท จำกัด บริษัท ไดนาสตี้เขรามิค จำกัด บมจ. เชียงใหม่รามธุรกิจการแพทย์
	9. นายฤชิษฐ์ กาญจนพิทักษ์ กรรมการบริษัท Mr. Ruechid Kanjanapitak Director	38	สถาปัตยกรรมศาสตร์ จุฬาลงกรณ์มหาวิทยาลัย MBA College of Management, MAHIDOL UNIVERSITY	101	5.	2544 - 2546 2546 - ปัจจุบัน 2556 - ปัจจุบัน 2560 - ปัจจุบัน	สถาปนิก สถาปนิก ผู้บริหาร กรรมการบริษัท	เรขา สถาปนิก REUN DESIGN STUDIO LEGACY GOLF CLUB บมจ. เชียงใหม่รามธุรกิจการแพท

BOARD OF DIRECTORS

ประวัติกรรมการและผู้บริหาร ANNA. บริษัท เชียงใหม่รามธุรกิจการแพทย์ จำกัด (มหาชน) ประวัติการทำงาน 5 ปี ย้อนหลัง ชื่อ/ตำแหน่ง - แพทยศาสตร์บัณฑิต กรรมการบริหาร บริษัท โรงพยาบาล 2539 - ปัจจุบัน 10. นพ.สุทธิศักดิ์ คณาปราชญ์ มหาวิทยาลัยมหิดล สนามจันทร์ จำกัด กรรมการอิสระและ - บริหารธุรกิจมหาบัณฑิต 2551 - ปัจจุบัน กรรมการอิสระ และ บมจ. เชียงใหม่รามธุรกิจ 53 ประธานกรรมการตรวจสอบ - เศรษฐศาสตร์มหาบัณฑิต การแพทย์ ประธานกรรมการ Dr.Suthisak Kanaprach - จิตวิทยาอุตสาหกรรมและ ตรวจสถา Independent , Director / องค์การมหาบัณฑิต Audit Committee Chairman มหาวิทยาลัยธรรมศาสตร์ กรรมการผู้จัดการ บริษัท สมศรี จำกัด เกษตรศาสตร์บัณฑิต 11. นายเกริก จิตตาลาน ปัจจุบัน กรรมการผู้จัดการ บริษัท ซีรีนบล็อค จำกัด มหาวิทยาลัยเชียงใหม กรรมการอิสระและกรรมการ บริษัท ไทยเอสปา จำกัด กรรมการผู้จัดการ ตรวจสอบ 69 Director Accreditation Program กรรมการผู้จัดการ ห.จ.ก. ทุ่งหลวง จากสมาคมส่งเสริมสถาบัน Mr.Krirk Jittalan กรรมการอิสระและ บมจ. เชียงใหม่รามธุรกิจ กรรมการบริษัทไทย เมื่อปี 2550 2552-ปัจจุบัน Independent , Director / กรรมการตรวจสอบ การแพทย์ Audit Committee 2549-ปัจจุบัน 12. นางสาวพาภัทร สเภากิจ Treasury Officer ธนาคาร HSBC ปริญญาตรี กรรมการอิสระ และ 2551-ปัจจุบัน กรรมการอิสระ และ บมจ. เชียงใหม่รามธุรกิจ คณะพาณิชยศาสตร์และการบัญชี กรรมการตรวจสอบ จุฬาลงกรณ์มหาวิทยาลัย กรรมการตรวจสอบ การแพทย์ 33 Miss Papat Supaokit Independent , Director / Audit Committee

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND AUDITORS' REPORT

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND AUDITORS' REPORT
CHIANG MAI RAM MEDICAL BUSINESS PUBLIC COMPANY LIMITED
DECEMBER 31, 2017 AND 2016